

September 21, 1769.

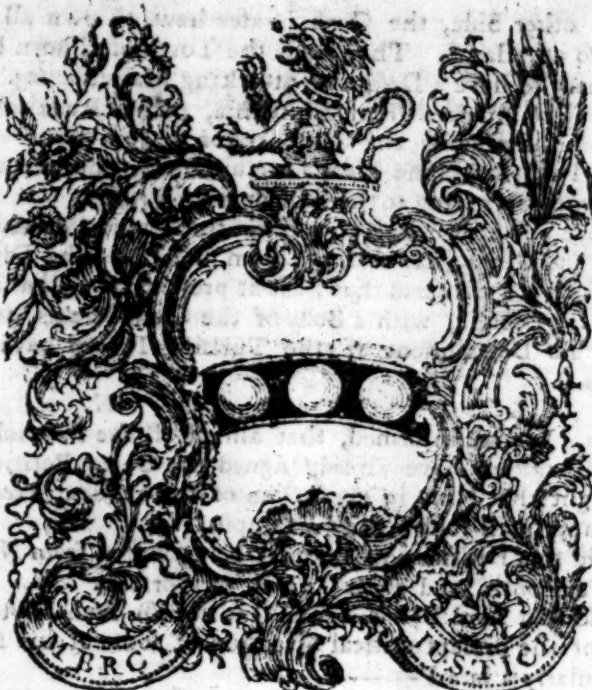
NUMB. 2126

The PENNSYLVANIA

G A Z E T T E.

Containing the Freshest Ad-

vices, Foreign and Domestic.



From the BOSTON GAZETTE, September 4, 1769.

ADVERTISEMENT.

WHEREAS I have full Evidence, that *Henry Hulton, Charles Paxton, William Burch, and John Robinson*, Esquires, have frequently and lately treated the Characters of all true North-Americans in a Manner that is not to be endured, and in a general Combination to revolt from Great-Britain. And whereas the said *Henry, Charles, William and John*, without the least Provocation or Colour, have represented me by Name, as inimical to the Rights of the Crown, and disaffected to his Majesty, to whom I annually swear, and am determined, at all Events, to bear true and faithful Allegiance; for all which general, as well as personal Abuse and Insult, Satisfaction has been personally demanded, due Warning given, but no sufficient Answer obtained. THESE are therefore humbly to desire the Lords Commissioners of his Majesty's Treasury, his principal Secretaries of State, particularly my Lord of *Hillsborough*, the Board of Trade, and all others, whom it may concern, or who may condescend to read this, to pay no Kind of Regard to any of the abusive Misrepresentations of me or my Country, that may be transmitted by the said *Henry, Charles, William and John*, or their Confederates, for they are no more worthy of Credit, than those of *Sir Francis Bernard*, of *Northampton, Bart.* or any of his Cabal, which Cabal may be well known from the Papers in the House of Commons, and at every great Office in England.

JAMES OTIS.

Messieurs EDES and GILL,

Please to insert the inclosed Copy of a Letter to me, from the Collector, with the Observations, and you will oblige your Friend,

JAMES OTIS.

"SIR,

WHEN you first informed me of your Dissatisfaction at an Expression, wherein your Name happens to be mentioned in an official Report from me, as Collector of this Port, to the Board of Customs, I then declared to you, that I had no Intention or Design by that Expression to cast any personal Reflection or Censure upon you; which Declaration, as above, I now confirm under my Hand; and to which I shall add, that so far from intending any Harm to you by that Mention of your Name, I shall be sorry if any Detriment should happen to you by that Means. I am,

Sir, Your humble Servant,

Boston, Aug. 11, 1769.

JOS. HARRISON.

Mr. Harrison is too contemptible, in my Opinion, to take any further Notice of at present, than to declare that I think him, if not a very wicked, yet a very weak old Man. To charge a Person by Name, as inimical to the Crown, and then give it under Hand, that no Reflection was meant, is either Lying, or a Mark of Superannuation. As to official Reports, my Charge against Mr. Harrison was not confined to them: Had it been, he has no Right to use my Name in his official Reports, unless I obstruct him in his Office, which he knows I never did. The Commissioners too are far gone in the Doctrine of official Reports. And it seems to be a current Opinion among them, that the most infamous Slander imaginable, handed into their Board, and sworn to, no Matter by whom, nor before what Justice, is sufficient to support a Memorial to the Treasury or Parliament. It is strange, considering the frequent Conferences and Communications between those able Lawyers, Governor Hutchinson, Judge Auchmuty, the Attorney-General, Jonathan Philanthrop, and the Commissioners, these have not learnt Law enough, to know they have no Right to scandalize their Neighbours. It is strange that Mr. Robinson, even in his Welch Clerkship, could not find out, that if he "officially," or in any other Way, misrepresents me, I have a natural Right, if I can get no other Satisfaction, to break his Head. None but such superlative Blockheads as *H. Hulton, C. Paxton, W. Burch, and J. Robinson*, could think Gentle men amenable to them, unless they held under them.

J. OTIS.

To the PRINTERS.

Please to insert the following Extracts, which I had been furnished with from England, before I certainly knew the Originals existed, and you will oblige your Friend,

JAMES OTIS.

CHARLES PAXTON of Boston, New-England, testifies and saith, that *Benjamin Barons, Esq.* Collector of his Majesty's Customs for the Port of Boston, in order to carry on the Designs complained of, entered into a Conspiracy with the following Persons, viz. *Mr. Benjamin Halliwell*, senior, who for some Years past hath publicly professed himself an Enemy to the Court of Vice-Admiralty in this Province, and hath declared the same to be a Nuisance! and ought to be laid aside! or Work to that Purpose! And *James Otis, junior, Esq.* who resigned his Commission of Advocate General! and immediately thereon appeared Advocate for the Meeting hereafter to be mentioned! and sundry other Persons, who are supposed to have been concerned in carrying on an illicit Trade! "The Deponent exhibits the Advertisement hereunto annexed, which he procured to be signed by the principal Merchants of Boston, whose Names are there underwritten in 1756! the said Mr. Otis having been appointed Solicitor to the Committee of said Merchants, was by the Deponent very frequently seen in Consultation with Mr. Barons, although before this Meeting, they were at so great Variance, as not to speak to one another." "This Deponent has been chiefly enabled to make the many Scandals he has done, by Means of the Sums which were allowed him for his Expenses in procuring private Intelligence; which private Intelligence had been so secretly carried on, that it hath not hitherto been penetrated into." "This Deponent saith, that he hath heard the said *James Otis, junior*, one of Mr. Barons's Confederates, as before mentioned, talk with great Disrespect of, and Threats against the GOVERNMENT! "That soon after this, he and Mr. Barons became very intimate, though before that, they were not upon speaking Terms; and that after the Intimacy between them, Mr. Barons, and Mr. Otis, while the Affair of the Merchants was pending, as before mentioned, he heard Mr. Otis speak disrespectfully and threateningly of the Governor, as he understood, and further refers to what he has before deposed."

P. S. The principal Parts of these Extracts were signed and sworn to by said *Charles Paxton*, the Deponent, 28th of February, 1761, before the Hon. *Chambers Russell, Esq.* deceased, and the said *Charles* can tell, if he pleases, before whom he swore to the Rest, and I believe I can, and when I think fit, I will.

J. OTIS.

B O S T O N, September 7.

Early on Tuesday Evening last, a Difference arose at the British Coffee-House in this Town, between *James Otis, Esq.* and *John Robinson, Esq.* the latter demanding Satisfaction for certain Expressions in a Publication signed by Mr. Otis, in the Boston Gazette of Monday last. After a Proposal on the Part of Mr. Otis to decide this Controversy by themselves in a separate Room, which was consented to by Mr. Robinson, very unexpectedly to Mr. Otis, and while he was rising, Mr. Robinson, in the Presence of the public Company in the Coffee-Room, attempted to pull him by the Nose; and failing in the Attempt, he immediately struck at him with his Case, against which Mr. Otis defended himself, and returned the Compliment. A close Engagement then ensued, and Mr. Otis having disarmed his Antagonist, several Persons in the Room fell upon Mr. Otis, some of whom held him, while others struck with Cutlasses, Canes and other Weapons, and the general Cry was, Kill him! Kill him! A young Gentleman, Mr. John Gridley, passing by the Room, and seeing Mr. Otis treated in so ungentleman-like and barbarous a Manner, and without a Friend near him, pressed in, and endeavouring to interpose, was also attacked in the Manner Mr. Otis was, by as many as could come near him, and after a resolute and manly Defence of himself, was at length overpowered, as Mr. Otis had been, by Numbers. By this Time several others had got into the Room, whereupon Mr. Robinson, and those who were with him, retired through the back Door of the Coffee-House. Mr. Otis and Mr. Gridley were carried off much wounded, and it is thought, had not the People come in to their Assistance, the Consequence of this ungentlemanly Assault would have been fatal. The Company in the Room when Mr. Otis was first attacked consisted chiefly of the Officers of the Army and the Revenue, and it is allowed, without Contradiction, that both Mr. Otis and Mr. Gridley acquitted themselves with a Spirit and Resolution becoming Gentlemen, and Men of Honour.

N E W - Y O R K, September 14.

Monday, 11th September, 1769.

This Day his EXCELLENCY *SIR HENRY MOORE*, BARONET, departed this Life in Fort-George, after 16 Days illness, and in the Fifty-sixth Year of his Age. We never had a Governor whose Death was more deeply and deservedly lamented.

He took the Command in November 1763 (a Month never to be forgotten for the Storms and Tumults excited by the pestilential Stamp-A&C) and has conducted himself, in an Administration uncommonly perplexed by the public Contentions between the Mother Country and America, with such a Degree of Wisdom and Temper, as to gain the Approbation of his Sovereign, and the Esteem of the People committed to his Care. Marks of distressing Affliction appear in every Countenance; for we had Hopes of his continuing at the Helm, till the dark Clouds, that have so long impended, were totally dispelled.

He supported his Government with Dignity and Splendor; and has as just a Sense of the Liberty of the Subject, as of the Prerogatives of the Crown, his Administration cannot be impeached by a single Act of Oppression on the one Hand, or Infidelity on the other. Just, fair, clement and generous to all; and affectionately concerned for the Colony, he seized every Opportunity to promote its Prosperity: And if in any Instance obstructed by the Malice of the Times, no Member of the Community was more ready than he, to devise and execute Measures for gratifying the public Wish, and advancing the common Weal.

Temperate, polite and condescending, he was easy and accessible to the meanest; and being indefatigable in Business, he passed through the various and arduous Duties of his Station, with a Celerity and Vigilance, Activity and Perseverance, deserving the highest Applause.

Inheriting an unusual Share of Affluence from his Ancestors, his Education was liberal, and so were his Principles. He countenanced Merit, regardless of all narrow Party Distinctions, whether of a civil or religious Nature; and was thereby eminently qualified to govern a Colony, consisting of Protestants of various Denominations. He has attended Divine Worship at most of our Churches, and in no Part of his Conduct discovered an illiberal Partiality to any Sect, or that Contempt of all, so often the Foible of Men in elevated Stations.

But this is not a Time to draw the Character of our late worthy Governor at full Length; we mean only to suggest a Hint to those at a Distance, in Justification of our Sense of the Loss, which this Colony has sustained, by a Calamity doubly severe from the peculiar State and Complexion of our public Affairs. No Period will efface the favourable Impressions he has left upon our Minds, and every future Governor will deserve Commendation, in Proportion as he possesses the Abilities, and imitates the Example of *SIR HENRY MOORE*.

The Governor's Remains were interred the Evening of the next Day, in the Chapel of Trinity Church. The Corps was preceded by the 16th Regiment, the Charity School Boys, and then by the Clergy of all Persuasions. His Majesty's Council supported the Pall. His Excellency General Gage, and Lord Drummond, followed among the Mourning Relations; and in the Suit were the Physicians, the Judges, the Mayor, Magistrates and whole Corporation, the Members of the General Assembly, the Field Officers, the Captains of his Majesty's Ships of War, and the General's Staff; the Commissioners for settling the Line of Partition, between this and the Colony of New-Jersey, the Surveyor General and Officers of the Customs, the Attorney General and Gentlemen of the Law, the Faculty of King's College, and the principal Inhabitants of the City. The Artillery brought up the Rear. From the Moment he expired, all the Colours in the Harbour were half-boisted. All the Bells tolled a great Part of the Day. Minute Guns were fired, during the Procession from the Fort to the Church, which was illuminated. The Military Honours were paid with a striking Solemnity; and every Mark of Respect shewn, which the Rank and Station of the Deceased required, and which became an afflicted, grateful and affectionate People.

Philadelphia, September 16, 1769.

To the ELECTORS in the City and County of Philadelphia.

GENTLEMEN,
UPON the Encouragement of many Friends, I have at length resolved to declare myself a Candidate for the Office of Sheriff; and therefore, in this public Manner, solicit your Votes and Interest. If I may be happy enough to obtain your Favour, my utmost Efforts shall be exerted to shew my Gratitude, by a faithful Discharge of the Trust you have reposed in me. I am, GENTLEMEN, Your Friend, &c.

JUDAH FOULKE.

IMPORTED, and to be SOLD low for cash, by
RICHARD PARKER,

In Third-street, the fifth door above Market-street,
BROADCLOTHS, halfthicks, linceys, spotted swanskins, red long ells, carpeting, calimancoes, camblers, poplins, allopeens, everlastings, damasks, program, saggathies, bargons, thicksets, Bengalls, calicoes, striped perrians, cloth coloured, plain ditto, China and English taffeties, silk damasks, Irish lincens, Russia and Irish sheetings, yard wide and 7-eighths cotton and linen checks, yard and 3-eighths ditto, 3-gr. ditto, dowlases, princes linen, ozenbrigs, table cloths, a variety of flamp handkerchiefs, cotton romals, silk ditto, spotted bandanoes, flowered ditto, white Barcelona handkerchiefs, cotton velvets, hair plush, cotton velvet shapes, wrought nankeen ditto, worsted knit ditto, a large assortment of ribbons, ferrets, sewing silks, coloured threads, white and brown ditto, Scotch and Nuns ditto, bobbins and tapes, mohair, silk and hair, scarf, twist and horse hair buttons, white and yellow metal ditto, lacquered and double gilt ditto, horn ditto, mens and womens horse whips, chaise whips, whip lashes, writing paper, sealing wax, ink-powder, receipt books, pocket-books, temple spectacles, snuff in bladders, ditto in bottles, black, blue, green, buff, scarlet & cloth coloured mohair, silk and hair best scarf twist, cords, broad and narrow worsted bindings, galloon and stay cord, bed lace, nonpareils, pins, common needles, Whitechapel and square ditto, darning and looping ditto, knitting needles, Kerby perch h-oks, rock ditto, fishing rods, ditto reels, ivory and horn combs, ditto in cases, best HV double wormed gimblets, common ditto, sallery, brass cocks, candlesticks, snuff boxes, brass ink pots, leather ditto, curtain rings, key ditto, scissars, locks and hinges, escutcheons, wood screws, tenter hooks, steel and brass thimbles, Pinchbeck ditto, stay hooks, white & yellow metal sleeve buttons, glass set ditto, Pinchbeck gilt ditto, silver watches, silvered watch chains, steel and Pinchbeck ditto, steel watch keys, seals, pistol capt penknives, cutteaus, Barlow penknives, seal end ditto, razors, shoemakers knives, table knives and forks, pocket ditto, hand-saw files, carpenters and shoemakers hammers, pinchers, nippers, tacks and aul blades, Indian ditto, sad-irons, box-irons, chimney tile, brass wire, boxes of tin plates, pigeon shot, duck and swan ditto, best oil flints, window glass, steel, white metal and brass shoe buckles, buckle chaps, stock buckles, scythes and sickles, hoes and axes, brass kettles, warming pans, coffee pots, pewter, tin ware, japanned; French indigo, red chalk, brimstone, black lead, vermilion, stone ware, delft ware, lanterns, foot rules, joint yards, bottled port and claret, old Madeira wines, &c. &c. &c.

Tbc. 2 M.

Philadelphia, September 12, 1769.

ALL Persons who are indebted to the Estate of the late Mr. William Symonds, of this City, Merchant, deceased, are hereby desired to take Notice, That unless they settle their respective Accounts with the Subscriber, within six Weeks from the Date hereof, they will absolutely be put into an Attorney's Hands, without any Respect of Persons.

T.b.c. MARY SYMONDS, Executrix.

THE Subscribers, Executors of the last Will and Testament of Mr. Richard Finney, late of Oxford, in the County of Philadelphia, Farmer and Mill-Wright, deceased, do hereby require all Persons having Demands, of any Kind, against the said Estate, to produce their several Accounts, as soon as possible, unto them, that they may be adjusted and paid; and those who are indebted to the Estate aforesaid, are hereby requested to pay off the Sums due from them respectively, without Delay, unto the said Executors.

JOHN FINNEY, JOHN MURGATROYD.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the Subscriber, living near Gloucester. On the 10th day of August last, a Negro fellow, named GRIG, he is a lusty fellow, and had on, when he went away, a new brown sheeting shirt, ozenbrigs trowsers, old beaver hat, and old shoes; said fellow is known to many people in the city of Philadelphia, as he was once the property of Mr. Wilcox, and afterwards belonged to Mr. Mullen, Innkeeper, in said city. I have reason to believe he is harboured about Spring-Garden. Any person that will take up said servant, and bring him to Gloucester, or deliver him to Mr. James Delaplain, in Market-street, shall have the above reward, paid by *JOSEPH HUGG*. N. B. All masters of vessels are forbid to carry him off at their peril.

Chester, September 12, 1769.

ALL Persons who are indebted to the Estate of *JOHN HANLY*, late of the Borough of Chester, Innholder, deceased, are desired to make speedy Payment to the Subscribers, to prevent further trouble; and those who have any Demands against said Estate, are desired to bring them in, that they may be adjusted and settled, by *ELIZABETH HANLY*, Executrix, and *JOHN HOGAN*, Executor.

Cumru Township, Berks County, September 11, 1769.

RUN away, on the 3d of this instant, from the Subscriber, living opposite the town of Reading, in the said county, a Negro man, named DICK, about 35 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high, has lost some of his teeth; had on, when he went away, a new grey and white nap coat, with yellow metal buttons, an old pair of check trowsers, a good felt hat, speaks good English and German, is very talkative, is much given to drink cyder, but very much dislikes rum; it is supposed he is gone towards the Jerseys, as he was seen travelling that way. Whoever takes up the said Negro, and secures him in any goal, and gives notice thereof, so that his master may have him again, shall receive THREE POUNDS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

JACOB KERN.

N. B. All masters of vessels are forbid, at their peril, to take him off.

Pittsburg, August 1, 1769.

THE Subscriber finds himself under the disagreeable necessity to inform the public, that his wife Susanna (whose maiden name was Schley) has, thro' the instigation of wicked men, for a considerable time, led a bad and lewd life, from which neither admonitions nor reprehensions could rectify her; so that he has been obliged, with her consent, to separate himself from her, on the second day of March last: He therefore hereby forewarns those who have not been warned already, not to trust her on his account, as he will pay no debts of her contracting.

JORDAN STEIGER.

[For more new Advertisements, see the Fourth Page.]

By the HALIFAX PACKET, Captain BOULDERSON, arrived at New-York, in a very short Passage from Falmouth, we have the following ADVICES, viz.

C A D I Z, June 9.

YESTERDAY failed from this Bay for the Havannah, a Convoy of 10 Merchant Ships, on board of which was embarked the Regiment of Seville Infantry, and 600 Deserters, who are condemned to serve for 5 Years in the different Corps of our Troops in America. These Vessels, which consist of one Hulk, are laden with divers Sorts of military Stores, intended for the Ship Building at the Havannah. They are to be escorted beyond the Canaries by the St. Julian, a Spanish Man of War, which sailed at the same Time with a favourable Wind.

Cracovia, June 17. The Sieur Pulawski has lately gained a very considerable Advantage over the Troops of the Republic; 2700 of whom being surprized, and made Prisoners by the Confederates, were incorporated into their different Corps, and took the Oath of Confederacy: By this Stroke, the whole Countries of Little Poland and Polish Russia are exposed to the Depredations of the Insurgents.

Leghorn, June 24. A second English Ship arrived here the Day before Yesterday from Porto Vecchio, having on board near 300 Corsicans, among whom are Clement Paoli, Count Gentili, the Sieur Rostino, Captain Carlo Salicetti, &c. with 16 Ecclesiastics.

June 30. The Rachel English Frigate has brought several Corsican Families, with their Effects, and some Monks. The French Government gives great Encouragement to Trade and Agriculture in Corsica; several Merchants are gone to Corte to trade, and the inhabitants of the Country have had Notice sent them to cultivate their Lands, or they will be confiscated to the King.

Warsaw, June 28. We have received the News, within these few Days, of some Skirmishes between the Russians and the Confederates in Great Poland: The Advantages were sometimes on one Side, and sometimes on the other. The Russian Carabineers, commanded by Col. Wolkonsky, have been beat in the Neighbourhood of Kutno; in other Places, the Confederates have been worsted; excepting this, Confederacies are every where forming, and all is in Motion in Poland.

July 1. The Troubles of this unhappy Country continually increase. The Constitutions have no Force, the Magistrates have no Power, and the Authority is no longer respected. In Great Poland, Part of Lithuania, and some other Countries, the Confederates do what they please, being no longer awed by the Presence of the Russian Troops.

July 5. According to Letters from the Frontiers of Moldavia, the Turkish Army is divided into three Corps; the one, which is the most considerable, is encamped near Bender; the second in the Neighbourhood of Jassy, and the third not far from Choczim. We hear that the Confederates are again in Possession of Czenstochow, and have blocked up Pofnania. It is reported a Treaty of Pacification between the Ottomans and Russians is now on Foot, and likely to be brought about by the good Offices of the Court of Great-Britain.

July 8. Within these few Days the Confederates of Gofyn repulsed the Russian Colonel Wolkowski, but General Apraxin having sent the Colonel a considerable Reinforcement, the Insurgents were obliged to retire; however the Chief, Stempkowski, having joined the Confederates of Sochaczew, they fell upon the same Corps of Russians, and, after a great Slaughter, obliged them to take Refuge under the Cannon of this Metropolis.

An Account lately arrived that the Ottoman Army, consisting of 70,000 Men, under the Seraskier Ali Pacha, had passed the Niefter, near Mohilow, by which rapid Step the Turks have taken Possession of several Russian Magazines. The same Account adds, that the advanced-Guard of the Grand Signior's Army, had surprized the Corps under Prince Prozorowski, totally routed them, and killed the General: But a Letter received since declares, that the Ottoman Horse had only fallen upon a reconnoitring Party of Light Troops which the Prince commanded, whom they cut to Pieces, but that his Highness had the good Fortune to escape.

Hitherto the Russians not only keep the Turks and Tartars along the Niefter at bay, but the Troops of their Van Guard frequently even make Incursions into the Ottoman Territories, and Prince Prozorowski is become the Terror of the Infidels. In Lithuania the Confederates have subjected almost the whole District of Brozeck, but as a fresh Russian Corps has re-entered the Grand Duchy, it is hoped Affairs will soon change their Aspect there. Many other Districts of Great and Little Poland, have likewise joined the Confederates more in Appearance than Reality; and there is Reason to believe that Major General Cologne, who has received Reinforcements, will speedily act against them with Success.

July 12. Letters from the Frontiers of Turkey, confirm the Account, that 5000 Ottoman Volunteers had passed the Niefter, and attacked the Russian Light Troops under Prince Prozorowski, and that they had been repulsed with the Loss of 300 Men. The Outrages committed by the Tartars are incredible.

July 13. General Paoli, during his Stay in this City, hath collected considerable Sums of Money of our Merchants who trade to Corsica, which he has expended, or a great Part of it, in the Maintenance of the Corsicans who are come hither, and who are resolved to return no more to their Country, rather than become Slaves there. We are informed, that the Inhabitants beyond the Mountains, continue to skirmish with the French, and that they will not submit, though they should be hanged for refusing.

July 15. We learn from Thorn, that a Troop of about 200 Confederates having lately approached that City, and summoned it to take Part with them, the Magistracy fired the Cannon upon them, on which they instantly retired.

July 18. The Russian Army, commanded by Prince Gallitzin, repulsed the Niefter the 5th and 6th Instant, after General Prozorowski had defeated 4000 Turks, who opposed his Passage. This Action cost the Russians 400 Men, besides those that were drowned. It was at the Village of Uscie that the Russian Army passed the Niefter, and entered Moldavia without Opposition. General Rencomp remains on this Side with a Body of Observation, which encamps within a League of Kamintek. Lieutenant Colonel Drewitz, who escorted into Volhynia Prince Repnin, late Ambassador from the Empress of Russia at this Court, is returned into Lithuania, where he is preparing, after being joined by some other Bodies of Russians, to disperse the Confederacies that have been formed in that Province by the Intigation of the two Pulawskies. In the mean Time, Prince Gallitzin has defeated near Bialystock the Sieur Bierzynski, who, after carrying off several Hundreds of the Militia of Prince Radzivil, was marching with all his Forces, in order to engage in his Service the Troops that were there, which form the Guard of the Grand General Count Branicki. This Action, which happened on the 15th Instant, cost the Sieur Bierzynski the greatest Part of his Troops, and all his Artillery and Baggage.

July 19. Yesterday a Courier arrived here with Advice, that the Russian Army under Prince Gallitzin, after passing the Niefter, had attacked and beaten on the third of this Month a Body belonging to the Turkish Army, commanded by the Seraskier. The Action began at 6 in the Morning, and lasted till 9. The Turks being put to the Route, and finding the Road to Jassy entirely shut up, some of them made their Escape to Choczim, and others fled towards Kalas. These are the only Particulars of this Affair given by the Courier. He adds, however, that he was charged with a mere circumstantial Relation, but that the Confederates took it from him. These Circumstances make many doubt the Truth of the Action, as they observe that the Confederates would also have stopped the Courier.

The same Courier adds, that a Body of Russians, commanded by General Berg, has likewise beaten the Tartars, and killed 6000 of them.

It is pretended also, that on the same Day Prince Gallitzin beat Marshal Bierzynski, who had been forced to abandon his Artillery and Baggage; and that Lieutenant Colonel Drewitz had likewise given a sensible Stroke to the Sieur Pulawski.

On the other Side, the Confederates have thrown all Polish Prussia into an Alarm. They keep the Town of Thorn blocked up, and seem to have a Design of attacking Mairembourg.

According to Advices from Lithuania, Prince Radzivil, after being in vain invited by the Confederates to join them with the Troops in Pay, has found Means to quit Biala, and to retire into a small Town, belonging to the Kingdom of Prussia.

There are also Letters which assure, that Count Potocki, Cup-Bearer of Lithuania, has obtained from the Porte the Dignity of Bashaw of three Tails; and that he is at present, as well as Marshal Krasinski, in Podolia, with a Body of the Confederates, to which a considerable Detachment of the Turkish Troops have joined themselves.

L O N D O N.

July 20. We are informed, that almost all the Freeholders in and near Kingston, have already signed the Surry Petition, and it is thought that Nine in every Ten of the resident Freeholders in the County, will follow their Example.

It is said that Petitions will shortly be presented from Norwich, Lynne, Yarmouth, and other Towns in Norfolk.

It is said that Lord B---s being sent for in such Haste, is on Account of the present critical Situation of some of his Friends, and particularly a late P-----.

It is said that a great Personage, bearing that a certain Chief Magistrate had taken Umbrage at a late Reception at St. James's, has given it in express Orders, that that Gentleman should be informed, that the seeming Coldness with which his Visitation attended, arose from the great Personage's not being previously acquainted with the Mode intended to be used; and not from any other Slight whatsoever.

It is reported that the Earl of Chatham will soon be created Duke of Kent.

July 21. Private Letters from Leghorn say, that Paoli has been invited to accept of a considerable Post in the Emperor's Service, which, it is thought, that brave Chief will not accept of, as he shews an uncommon Desire to visit his Friends in this Kingdom.

The favourable Resolutions, said to be now adopted with regard to the Colonies, are wholly attributed to the Advice of a noble Lord; the Utility of which is said to be acknowledged by his Brother-in-law, who formerly was of a very different Opinion.

The Crown Prince, a Danish Ship, is arrived on the Coast of Sussex, from the East-Indies, and has brought Letters, which were immediately sent up to London, giving (as is said) an Account of Heider Ally's having retaken all those Places which the English had taken from him. Soon after these Advices were read in the General Court Yesterday, India Stock fell to 223.

A vast Concourse of People having assembled to hear a young American Clergyman, who preached lately at the West End of the Town, the North Gallery of the Church gave such frequent Cracks, as obliged the Congregation in the Pews below to move out, for Fear of fatal Consequences.

July 22. The following is the present State of petitioning: Petitions from Middlesex and London are presented. Petitions from Surry, Wilts, Worcester, and City of Worcester, are agreed upon; from Hereford, Cornwall, Kent, Bucks, and Norfolk, they are certainly preparing.

Advices from Petersburg import, that a powerful Russian Navy is now fitting out, to watch the Motions of a certain Northern Power, to be commanded by Vice Admiral Kennedy.

July 24. Orders are given for completing the several Regiments, lately arrived from Abroad, to their full Complement of Men.

By Letters from Constantinople we are informed, that the Populace there are very uneasy about the Event of the War, and as they look upon the Court of France as the Authors of it, their Ambassador has met with several Insults on the Occasion.

On Saturday several of the Nobility waited on the Earl of Bute, at his House in South Audley-street, to complement him on his Arrival in Town.---He enjoys a better State of Health than he has for some Years past.

The last Letters from Paris mention, that large Bodies of the French Troops had lately been ordered down to the Sea Coasts.

The Friends of America secretly rejoice at the ill Success we have met with in the East-Indies, as the surest and only Way of deciding our Differences, and recovering our Trade with America.

July 26. Since the Arrival of a certain Nobleman, Betts are greatly in Favour of the present Ministry, as, it is said, conciliating Measures are strongly recommended to them.

It was Yesterday currently reported, that Mr. Wilkes's Pardon is now in Agitation, and that the same would take Place in a very short Time.

The Lords of the Admiralty have appointed Richard Peters, Esq; to be Register of the Vice-Admiralty Court of the Province of Pennsylvania, in America.

Extract of a Letter from Bristol, July 15.

"Tuesday last there was a Meeting of the Citizens at Guildhall, in order to consider of, and draw up, a Petition on the present disagreeable Situation of national Affairs, when Henry Cruger, Esq; was chosen Chairman, who, after having taken the Chair, made a very pathetic and concise Speech, to the following Effect:

"GENTLEMEN,
"YOUR positive Commands have alone prevailed on me to take this Seat. I came here with no other Design than barely to give my Voice for a Petition to the Throne. The present lamentable State of our American Commerce, makes that more especially my indispensable Duty, as my Ruin must be involved with that of the Public, should the pernicious System of taxing British Manufactures, imported into the Colonies, be persevered in.

"It is true, there are Reports that those oppressive Acts will be repealed, and that the Ministry intend to adopt milder Measures in the future Government of that Country; but I shall continue to doubt such Reports, until I see them warranted by the Authority of the Legislature.

"In the Transactions of this Day, I will endeavour to keep within my proper Sphere. The Commitment of Mr. Bingley, the numberless Persecutions and Cruelties committed against the Person of Mr. John Wilkes, with many other Grievances, I feel in common with you all; but these I shall leave to be explained by those who may be more capable of that Task. I shall speak as a Merchant, and to that Character alone will I confine myself here: This I think my Duty,---and from doing my Duty nothing shall deter me.

"I have only to beg, Gentlemen, that this Meeting may be distinguished by its Loyalty to the best of Princes, and by the Decency and Decorum with which it will be conducted."

A Question was then desired to be proposed, whether there should be a Petition or not, which was carried with only one dissenting Voice. It was then farther proposed, that a Committee be chosen to draw up the Petition, or if any Person present had a Petition, that it be read for Approbation; when a Petition was produced, which was accordingly read, and universally approved of. It was then moved, that public Notice should be given of the Time and Place where the Petition might be seen, and properly signed, as it was thought the immediate signing it by such a Number of People, might probably foil it, and consequently render it not quite so decent to be presented to his Majesty.

After the Conclusion of the Meeting, an Attorney desired to be heard; this was refused by the Chairman, on Account of the Business being finished; but as he was the only negative Voice, it was requested by some that he might speak. He had not uttered many Words before he was silenced by the Hisses of the Populace, and had he not taken Shelter under the Protection of some of the principal Promoters of the Meeting, he certainly would have been roughly handled. On which Behaviour a Gentleman took Occasion to observe,

"That certain Emisaries of Power (among whom were some Lawyers) had industriously propagated about the City, in order to intimidate and prevent the independent Citizens from signing the Petition; that a few of the most considerable would be called before the House of Commons, and thrown into Prison.---And that thus threatening the People of England, for signing a duti-

ful Petition to their Sovereign, was the most glaring and violent Attack on the Privileges of Englishmen, and the utmost Demonstration of the Existence of every Grievance contained in the Petition."

July 27. We can assure our Readers, upon the best Grounds, that all the Reports of the Earl of C---th---m having declared, in a certain high Place, that he approves, and will support the Measures of the present Administration, are totally destitute of Truth, and propagated in order to mislead the Public, by an Artifice equally mean, and unavailing; nothing being more certain, than that the above noble Earl has the justest Sense of the fatal Mischief in which the Errors of Administration have involved both King and People; and that this noble Peer truly reverences and loves the whole Frame of our wise Constitution, whereof the transcendent and sacred Right to free and independent Elections, is the only sure Basis.

It is said the Ministry are the more confident in persevering in their present Mode of Administration, because the Arrival of a certain Earl from Abroad, has thrown such an additional Weight in their Favour; and, it is said, he entirely approves of every Step they have taken.

A great Personage expressed himself the other Day to this Effect: "That every Thing, relative to the Colonies, would be settled to their Satisfaction."

Notwithstanding all the American Petitions were rejected by an august Assembly, on the 23d of March last, yet the Americans intend to follow the Example of Middlesex, London, &c. and lay their Grievances at the Foot of the Throne.

It is said, by those who pretend to know the Secrets of the Ministry, that if the lenient Measures intended to be taken at present, shall not have the desired Effect, in composing all Differences with the Americans, and quieting the turbulent Spirit that seems to prevail there, an additional Number of Frigates and Land Forces will be sent thither early in the Spring, to reduce them to proper Conformity by coercive Means.

July 29.

In order to appease the Minds of the People, and effectually to reconcile all Parties, both at Home and Abroad, it is now whispered, that Lord Bute will be appointed first Lord of the Treasury, and the Duke of Grafton retire with a Pension.

It is also said, that Sir Fletcher Norton will be appointed Lord High Chancellor.

A Motion was lately made in a private Assembly, for entirely submitting the Formation of a new Ministry to the Earl of Chatham; but this Motion was directly over-ruled by two great Officers.

They write from Vienna, that the most outrageous Disorder reigns in the Turkish Dominions, from which the most melancholy Consequences are expected with Regard to Poland, and perhaps all Europe.

July 31. A Letter from Petersburg mentions, that the Empress of Russia is highly satisfied with the Behaviour of her Minister, in a late Fracas between his Excellency and the Minister of a certain Power, at a foreign Court; and that the Promotion of the said Minister, which so speedily followed, was intended, by his Royal Mistress, as a public Mark of her entire Approbation of his spirited Conduct on the Occasion.

It is reported, that when a certain Nobleman, lately arrived from his Travels, went to pay his Duty to a certain great Personage, the latter caught him in his Arms as he was dropping on his Knees, and assured his Lordship (or to that Effect) that he rejoiced to see him, and that he was as dear to him as ever.

It is said, that the Report of a Pardon being in Agitation for a certain patriotic Gentleman, is void of Foundation.

August 1. The Report of Paoli's being arrived in London, is entirely without Foundation. The last Letters from Leghorn mention, that the illustrious Corsican intended to settle in Switzerland, and had taken a large Farm there.

There is no Prospect at present of a Reconciliation with the contending Parties, though many Overtures have been made to the Outs, which, on Account of their particular Restriction on a late County Election, have been all rejected.

On Saturday last Colonel Morris and his Lady, the Dutchess Dowager of Gordon, arrived at their House in Harley-square, from North-America.

A great Lady has for some Time been so very anxious to have a certain popular Prisoner pardoned, that a Message has been sent to him this Week, that his Pardon should shortly be granted; on which he observed, that unless it was free and unconditional, he would not accept it.

By the compendious View of the British Ships and Seamen employed in the Trade between Great-Britain and her Colonies on the Continent of America, of the Value of Goods exported from Great-Britain to these Colonies, and of their Produce exported to Great-Britain and elsewhere, the Account stands thus:

Number of Ships employed	Seamen	Exports from Great-Britain	Exports from the Colonies
1098	28910	3376000	392406

Letters from Berlin import, that the Return of Counters had of late been observed to be very frequent between that City and Petersburg; by which it was conjectured some Affair of Importance is in Agitation between the two Courts.

This Morning several Gentlemen, Agents for the Colonies, attended the Levee of Lord Hillsborough, Secretary of State for America, on Affairs of Importance.

By Letters from various Parts of the Country, we are informed that there are the finest Crops of Corn on the Ground ever known.

August 3. By Letters from Leghorn, dated July 8, which arrived Yesterday, we learn, that General Paoli was then in that City; and that his Brother Clement was dangerously ill.

The same Letters mention, that great Numbers of Corsican Gentry, whom the Love of Liberty had animated to abandon their own Country, were continually arriving at Leghorn, and intended to settle about Pisa.

We are told General Paoli is not coming here; for some People say, Orders have been sent to our Consul at Leghorn, to dissuade the General from such an Intention, should he be inclined to it.

Letters from Rome advise, that the Son of the late Chevalier de St. George has increased the Number of his Domestic, set up a splendid Equipage, and receives Visits from the first Nobility in that City.

It is reported, that the Prime Minister at the Court of Lisbon, by the spirited Remonstrances from Home, has been obliged to drop his monopolizing Scheme for raising the Price of Port Wines upon our Merchants and Factors; and many other commercial Advantages are from expected to be obtained.

Some private Letters from Paris mention, that a Treaty of Marriage is on the Carpet, between the eldest Son of the late Pretender, and a female Branch of the House of Bourbon.

August 5. It was this Morning confidently reported, that Lord Chatham will soon be again in the Administration, his Lordship's Health being perfectly established.

A certain Nobleman, on his Return from a late Country Excursion, ordered his Attendants to keep at the Distance of a Mile from his Carriage, lest their Liveries being known, he should be insulted.

Extract of a Letter from Buckingham, dated August 1.

"On Saturday the Earl and Countess of Chatham arrived at Stowe, and on Sunday came the Right Hon. Mr. Greenville, and his Lady. In a few Days they will go over to Wotton together. This whole Family is happily reunited, at this critical Moment, on the firm Basis of private Affection, and public Good. It is certain that they will warmly concur, and persevere in endeavouring to vindicate the fundamental Rights of the People to free Election."

They write from Rome, that a Paper had appeared there, which however had not yet been seen by more than two or three Persons, setting forth the Rights of the Emperor upon the State of Genoa, and to which Pieces were annexed in justification of its Claim.

Extract of a Letter from Warsaw, July 9.

"We are quite surrounded by the Confederates, so that we

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nothing of what passes 6 Leagues from this City. The Com-
munication of the Post is interrupted, and it is by Chance when
we receive any Letters from the Southern and Western Provinces
of this Kingdom. The Russians continue to fortify themselves
in our Neighbourhood; and our Burgers have had Notice given
to them to prepare to receive 5 or 6 Soldiers in each House.
The Substance of a late American Remonstrance is couched in
these Terms: "If Great-Britain herself is virtually deprived of
legal Representation, America has nothing further to expect
than being effectually misrepresented on all past Complaints and
Petitions to the best of Sovereigns."
By the last Letters from the Cape of Good Hope, the French are
said to be withdrawing their Troops from the Islands of Madagascar
and the Mauritius; and a Report is now current, that they have
actually left out those Troops, in the Nature of Auxiliaries, to a
powerful Indian Prince, at Variance with the English East-India
Company.
Extract of a Letter from Dantzick, July 11.
"The Disorders committed by the Confederates encrease daily;
their Approach spreads Terror and Disfay on all Sides. Three
Hundred of them are now actually at Olives, in our Neighbour-
hood; they have even advanced within a Mile and a Half of this
City, and pillaged several Houses."
An Evening Paper says, that the Public have already received some
Benefit from the late Petitions; as a late P----- is said to have left
Bosch paid into the Treasury a Sum not less than 100,000 l.
August 8. Advice from Holland mention the Arrival there,
from Bengal, of sundry Armenian and other Asiatic Merchants,
on their Way to London, with Complaints against the English
Company's Governor, and the Gentlemen of the Council at
their above-mentioned Settlements, for sundry grievous Oppres-
sions, which Affair has made a great Noise in Holland.
It is confidently reported, that the Spaniards have at Ferrol,
not less than Thirty-four Ships of the Line, ready to sail at a
Fortnight's Notice.
The several Sheets of the Surry Petition will speedily be
brought to Town, and, when joined together, presented to his
Majesty. It is believed more than 1500 Freeholders have already
signed, though it has as yet never appeared in many Parts of the
County. The Number that signed what is called the Surry Ad-
drefs, was exactly 335. Half of whom, it is said, were not Free-
holders.
It is now currently reported, that the Marquis of Rockingham
will speedily be appointed to a considerable Post in Administration:
It was Yesterday reported, that the Marquis de Bussy is again
appointed Ambassador to this Court from that of France, and
he is expected to arrive here soon after Michaelmas.
Yesterday the Earl of Hillsborough set out from his House in
Hanover Square for Ireland.
Orders are sent to Ireland for all the Fortifications in that King-
dom to be repaired, and put in a State of Defence, which is to be
done under the Inspection of able Engineers.
Extract of a Letter from Madrid, July 17.
"The King, desirous of putting his Marine on a better Footing than
it hath hitherto been, hath taken into his Service a great Number of
Sloopwrights, who work without Intermission in the different Dock-
yards of the Kingdom, in the Construction of Ships, Frigates, &c."
All the Reports that have lately prevailed, respecting the Re-
cal of a certain Governor from the Western Continent, it is said,
are void of Foundation; it being well known that that Gentle-
man will still enjoy his Place, till the Meeting of a certain
august Assembly; and that, if it be the Opinion then to proceed
rigorously with the Americans, he will remain there; but if
lenient Measures be adopted, to bring about a Reconciliation,
then he will certainly be recalled.
August 10. A Letter from Copenhagen mentions, that his Royal
Highness the Duke of Gloucester proposes being in England some
Time next Month, accompanied by his Sister the Princess of
Brunswick, and her young Princesses.
It is said a Petition is prepared in the County of Essex, sup-
ported by upwards of fifty Gentlemen of great Property in that
County.
The Grenvillian Congress still continues to be frequently held,
either at Stowe, or the other Houses of the Members of it; and
there seems a great Unity of the two Earls with each other, and
with the Duke of Devonshire. This gives great Hopes and Expecta-
tions to their Friends, and to those who wish a Change of Men
and Measures.
Extract of a Letter from Bastia, July 4.
"The French Ministry apply all their Care to augment Agriculture
and Commerce in this Island. There are already arrived at Corte several
Merchants and Traders, which has considerably raised the Rent of
Shops and Warehouses. The Ministry also earnestly endeavour at the
Advancement of Arts and Sciences, of which the Corsicans, by Means
of the Troubles which have agitated their Country, for more than 40
Years, have almost lost all the Traces."
The Earl of Chatham is expected in Town To-morrow, to assist
at the Grand Council then to be held at St. James's.
On Thursday last the Earl of Bute, and the Duke of Grafton,
had a Conference at the Earl's House in South Audley-street.
There is not the least Intention of appointing Colonel Luttrell
to command the Forces that are to act in India, and that no Ap-
plication has been made to him on that Subject.
Fresh Difficulties have arisen, we hear, respecting the Com-
mission of Supervisors of the East India Company's Affairs in In-
dia. The Ministry insist on seeing the private Instructions to the
Supervisors, as well as the Commission.
PHILADELPHIA, September 21.
Extract of a Letter from London, June 18, 1769.
"There seems to be a general Stagnation of Politics at present.
Mr. Wilkes slumbers and sleeps, but it is reported, that his Dreams
are very ominous to some in Power. The next Session of Parlia-
ment is expected to produce a total Change in the Ministry, when
they say, the Marquis of Rockingham and his Party will come
into Place. Strange as you may think it, yet Mr. G. Grenville,
the famous Projector of all American Grievances, is now vigor-
ous in his Opposition to the Court, and declares aloud against the
Expediency and Legality of the Acts. Dr. Franklin is the best
Friend America ever had. With a noble Freedom of Spirit, he
utter his Sentiments upon all proper Occasions."
Extract of a Letter from London, July 24.
"We duly note what you say on your Merchants Resolutions;
we think they are good, and hope you will strictly keep to them,
till all the late Acts for raising a Revenue in America are repeal-
ed. The Ministry amuse us with a Promise of that being the
first Business next Session; shall heartily rejoice at so happy an
Event, and lend every Aid in our Power to accomplish it."
Extract of a Letter from London, July 25.
"There is no particular News, except that it is now a pretty
general Opinion, that the Duke of G-----, and his Party, will
be routed next Session. G. Grenville is now almost as warm in
Favour of America, as he was formerly against it."
Extract of a Letter from London, July 26.
"Your Trade will now soon be opened, as the Acts will be re-
pealed when the Parliament meets again; and the Report of To-
day is, that Lord Hillsborough goes out, and Lord Dartmouth will
be in his Room."
Extract of a Letter from London, dated August 2.
"Every Thing is quiet here at present.---We have a very fine
and plentiful Season, which will probably lower the Price of the
Necessaries of Life, and of Course tend to keep the labouring Part
of the People quiet, and in good Humour.---Wilkes is now
hardly mentioned; but the Committee of Grievances and Appre-
hensions, are still very assiduous to promote the sending up similar
Petitions to that from Middlesex, from the other Counties, through-
out the Kingdom.---No Change in the Ministry; the present Set-
tlem seems to have nothing to apprehend, but appear rather to be on a
very firm Footing.---You will see in the Papers several Hints
thrown out, as if Offers of Pardon had been made to Wilkes,
which he had rejected, but there is not a Syllable of Truth in
any of them.---North-American Affairs stand exactly where the
Parliament left them."

Thursday last the Sloop Hannah, Captain Gorbam, came up to Town;
she was bound from this Port for Boston, but meeting with the Gale
on the 8th Instant, in our Bay, rode with two Anchors ahead for some
Time, till she parted one of her Cables, and struck on the Over Falls,
when they cut the other Cable, and endeavoured to run her ashore, but
were drove out about 40 Leagues to Sea, and she proved so leaky, that
they could scarce keep her free with both Pumps, which obliged them
to put back, in order to repair her Damage.
Friday last the Ship Hope, Captain Robinson, from Bristol, arrived
here, having been ashore below Bombay Hook, where he was obliged
to cut away his Mizen-Mast, and also his Fore and Mainmasts.---
On the 18th ult. in Lat. 41:15, Long. 40, he spoke the Schooner
Eleanor, Captain Mayhew, from Rhode-Island, on a Whaling Voyage,
who had a Fifth along-side, 25th, in Lat. 37:25, Long. 56, spoke
the Ship Rachel, Captain Henry, from Antigua for London; 28th, in
Lat. 37:14, Long. 60, spoke the Ship Friendship, Captain Ogilvie,
from Jamaica for London; and the Argyle, Captain Beanes, from Leib
for Virginia, who had sprung the Head of his Mainmast; 29th, in Lat.
37, Long. 63, spoke the Ship Hartfield, Captain Irwin, from Jamaica
for London; and on the 1st Instant he spoke the Sloop David, Cap-
tain Henshaw, from New-York, bound to Cayenne, 5 Days out, in Lat.
37:35, Long. 66:30.
Saturday last Captain Dann arrived here from Dominica, who in-
forms us, that he touched at St. John's, in Antigua, where, on the
16th or 17th of last Month, they had a most terrible Fire, which broke
out about Two o'Clock in the Afternoon, and there being a strong North-
east Wind, the Flames were soon communicated to different Quarters,
when the Custom-house, Goal, and upwards of 2000 of the principal Houses,
Stores, &c. were burnt down; that one Mr. Carlisle, a Merchant,
had both his Legs, and both Arms broke, and it was thought could not
long survive; and several others were much hurt, but he did not hear
of any Lives being lost; that the Fire being chiefly among the Stores,
the Merchants there are considerable Sufferers, and many of them en-
tirely ruined; the Damage is estimated at near a Million that Currency;
the Court-house, and one of the Printing-Offices, escaped the Flames.
The Fire is said to be occasioned by a Crack in a Baker's Oven.---
About 6 or 7 Days after he left Antigua, he had a very heavy Sea
from the Southward, from which he imagines there must have been a
severe Gale of Wind in the West-Indies. On the 6th Instant, in Lat.
33:23, Long. 67:30, he spoke a Brig, Captain Doubleday, from
Boston for Cape Nicobla, 14 Days out; and on the 16th, in Lat. 28,
Long. 71, he spoke a Ship from Glasgow for Virginia, out 10 Weeks.
Captain Gill, from New-Castle, on the 10th Instant, in Lat. 37,
Long. 69, spoke a Sloop from New-York for Antigua, with Horses
on board; 6 Days out, all well; and on the 12th, just off Soundings,
he spoke another Sloop, Captain Whitmore, from Jamaica for New-
London, 3 Weeks out, and all well.
Captain Hood, from Cork, on the 10th Instant, spoke a Pink Stern
Snow, from this Harbour for Newfoundland, all well; on the 12th,
he saw a Vessel dismasted, lying at Anchor under the False Cape, about
five Miles to the Southward of the Light-house, and a Brig close in
Shore, standing to the Northward; but as the Wind blew very hard at
N. E. he is afraid he could not clear the Shore.
Captain Ferns, from the Grenades, on the 2d Instant, in Lat. 29:
20, Long. 68, spoke the Brig Minerva, Captain Gregory, from this
Port for Jamaica, 12 Days out, all well. On the 8th, off Chincoteague,
he met with the Gale mentioned in our last, in which he car-
ried away his Bolt-sprits, shifted Part of his Cargoe, and received con-
siderable Damage in his Sails and Rigging. On the 13th, in Lat. 35:
30, Long. 70, he came along-side a Wreck, which proved to be the
Sloop Sword Fish, Captain James Card, from Cape-Fear for Jamaica,
9 Days out, who had lost his Mast, Sails, Rigging, Boats, and every
Thing off his Deck, in the above Gale, had his Counter beat in, and
eight Feet Water in the Hold, so that the Sea made a fair Breach over
ber, but being loaded with Lumber, it kept her from sinking; the Cap-
tain and Crew were much disabled, and worn out with Fatigue, when
he took them all on board, and has brought them in with him, but the
Sea ran so high, he could save nothing belonging to the Vessel. And
on the 15th, about 50 Leagues from our Capes, he spoke with Captain
Allen, of Nantucket, who informed him, the Fleet of Whalers had
suffered great Damage in the same Gale.
By Captain M'Ilvaine, from Havre de Grace, we learn, that Cap-
tain Montgomery, for this Port, Captain Harvey, in a Ship, and
Captain Nicholson, in a Brig, for New-York, were all to sail a Day
or two after him.
Captain Davis, from Newfoundland, on the 31st ult. in Lat. 41,
Long. 51:40, spoke a Snow, Captain Smith, for Liverpool, and a
Ship, Captain Craig, for Aberdeen, both from Jamaica, and 5 Weeks
out; on the 9th Instant, in Lat. 38, Long. 64, spoke a Sloop from
this Port for Tortola, 7 Days out; and on the 13th, in Lat. 37,
Long. 70:30, he spoke a Sloop, Captain Williams, from New-London
for Barbados, two Days out, all well.
Captain Higgs, from Providence, on the 7th Instant, in Lat. 39,
Long. 72:30, spoke the Carolina, Captain Friend, from this Place for
London, 4 Days out, all well. The next Day he met with the Gale,
in which he lost his Boat, and every Thing off his Deck. About 8 Leagues
to the Northward of Cape-May he saw a Ship, full of Water, and
her Mast gone; he had a new Boom, not tarred, green Quarters, and
the Inside of her Gunwale painted yellow, about 40 Tons Burthen, but
having no Boat, he could not go on board, to learn further Particulars.
On Tuesday Captain West, of the Brig Elizabeth, mentioned in our
last to be ashore, came up to Town, with his People, having got out
the greatest Part of his Cargoe, but the Vessel is entirely lost. His
Mate was killed by the Longboat being thrown out of the Chocks against
the Side of the Vessel, before they quitted her.
The Brig Content, Captain Featherstone, for Barbados, is ashore
at our Capes, where the Vessel is lost, but chief Part of her Car-
goe saved. The Ship Hope, Captain Robinson, from London;
and a Sloop, Captain Graham, it is thought will be got off. A
Brig, Captain Read, for Marblehead, is lost near Cape May.
Captain Falconer, from London, on the 11th of August, about 20
Leagues from the Lizard, spoke the Ship Scarborough, from New-Eng-
land for London; on the 14th Instant, in Lat. 34:15, Long. 64:
30, spoke a Brig, Captain Howe, from Boston for Dominica, 10 Days
out; and on the 17th, he spoke the Packet from New-York for Fal-
mouth, all well.
ARRIVALS.
From Philadelphia. Captain Haviland, at Oporto; Henderfan, at
Bristol; and the Captains Gibbon and Conyngbam, at Madeira.
Deal, August 1. Came down, The Wolfe, Bryant, for Boston, and
the Hetty, Osborne, for Philadelphia.
August 9. Remains, Captain Davis, for Boston.
The Reader is desired to correct an Error that was made in the
last Week's Observation of the Comet, where it is said, that the Comet
was nearly in a right Line with a Star of the 3d Magnitude in the Ear
of Procyon, which should be Canis Minor, there being no such Con-
stellation as Procyon, it being only a Star of the 1st Magnitude in Canis
Minor; also the right Ascension on the 12th Day, it being then only
117°, instead of 127°.
REMARKS on the COMET since our last.
Sept. 14. The Comet's Place this Morning, was close by two
Stars of the fourth Magnitude, in the Rump of Monoceros, and
nearly in a right Line with Procyon, and a Star of the fourth
Magnitude in the Tail of Monoceros. Its Declination nearly 4°
South, with 124° Right Ascension.
The Declination and Right Ascension of the Comet, together
with its Place, were determined on Adams's new Globe, of 18
Inches Diameter, published in 1766.
Saturday last some Workmen being finishing the Chimney of a new
House in Market-street, by some Means the Scaffold gave Way, when
two of them fell to the Ground, one of whom was instantly killed, and
the other received so much Hurt, that his Life was despaired of.
* * * For Want of Room we are obliged to leave out some Intelligence
from Boston, New-York, &c.
CUSTOM-HOUSE, Philadelphia, INWARD ENTRIES.
Ship Rosanna, P. Cox, Lisbon. Sloop Endeavour, G. Ellis,
New-York. Brigantine Constant Friends, M. Ferns, Gre-
nades. Sloop Phebe, S. Higgs, New Providence. Brig Venus,
W. Davis, Newfoundland. Snow Esther, R. Dann, Dominica.
Sloop Molly, V. Whiteman, Rhode-Island. Sloop Hunter, S.
Crawford, New-Castle. Ship Penultima Packet, R. Gill,
New Castle upon Tyne. Ship Betty, S. Hood, and Ship Hope,

J. Robinson, Bristol. Snow Bachelor, R. Bulkeley, Vign. Brig
Adventurer, T. Remington, Honduras. Ship Marquis of Granby,
A. M'Ilvaine, Havre de Grace.
OUTWARDS. Schooner Abby, J. Herbert, Virginia.
Schooner Dove, W. Gamble, and Ship Sally, J. Ofman, Lisbon.
Ship Great Marlow, M. Kitching, Jamaica. Snow Britannia,
J. Jefferies, London. Schooner Francis, St. Prudden, Bermuda.
CLEARED. Brig Sally, J. Brown, St. Eustatia. Brig Betty,
P. Lacy, Gibraltar. Schooner Charming Nancy, J. Mullowny,
Halifax. Sloop Nancy, W. Marshall, and Schooner Suffanna, T.
Nelmes, Antigua. Brig Concord, J. Volans, Bristol. Sloop
Rainbow, W. Church, Boston. Ship Philadelphia Packet, T.
Moore, Lisbon. Sloop Dove, D. Ferguson, New York. Sloop
Favourite, R. Robinson, St. Kitts. Sloop America, J. Gorbam,
Boston. Schooner Abby, J. Herbert, Virginia.
JUST PUBLISHED, by HALL and SELLERS, and
to be SOLD, at the New Printing-Office, in Market-street,
Philadelphia.
POOR RICHARD'S ALMANACK, for the Year 1770.
THE OFFICE for insuring Houses from Loss by Fire,
is now kept by MATTHEW CLARKSON, in Third-street,
above Race-street; where all Persons, having Business to transact
with said Office, are desired to apply.
Philadelphia, September 15, 1769.
A PLANTATION, called SHARON, on which the
Rev. WILLIAM STURGEON now resides, situate between
Frankford and Germantown, about 5 Miles from this City, and
near the Country Seat of Thomas Lawrence, Esq; will be sold,
on the Premises, to the highest Bidders, on Thursday, the 12th
of October next, to begin at 10 o'Clock in the Forenoon. This
FARM, consisting of about 350 Acres, will be thrown into 4
Divisions, the smallest to contain about 40 Acres, and the largest
not to exceed 132 Acres; each will have a good Assortment of
arable Land, Wood and Meadow, all abundantly supplied with
Water by Springs and Creeks; some fine Bottoms, together with
two Stone Quarries, will fall into different Divisions. The Im-
provements are, a Stone Dwelling-house, with a Weather boarded
Addition, a Stone Barn, Stable and Spring-house, all in that
Division, which lies in the Township of the Northern Liberties;
the Walls of a burnt House and Kitchen, with a Stone Out-
house, and framed Barn, in one of the Bristol Township Divisions.
The Terms will be one Third prompt Payment, one Third in
6 Months, and the Remainder in 12 Months, with Interest from
the Day of Sale. Draughts of the Plantation may be seen at
the London Coffee-house, at Wood's Tavern, near Frankford
Bridge, at the Widow Mackin's, in Germantown, at the Wil-
low Cummings's, at Schuylkill Falls, and at Mr. Thomas Ro-
berts's, near the Premises. Titles will be made to the Purchasers
by the Subscribers, Trustees of the real Estate of the Rev. Wil-
liam Sturgeon, and his deceased Wife Hannah, who may be treat-
ed with for the whole, or any Part of the Premises, at any Time
before the Day appointed for public Sale. RICHARD PETERS,
HUGH ROBERTS, DANIEL RUNDLE, JOHN MURGATROYD,
N. B. Should the Weather prove rainy, or otherwise dis-
agreeable, on the Day appointed for this Sale, it will be deferred
till the next fair Day.
To the FREEHOLDERS, and ELECTORS, of the Borough and
County of CHESTER.
GENTLEMEN,
HAVING heretofore requested, in an Advertisement in-
serted in the Chronicle, in 1767, That you would be
pleased to make Choice of some other Person for a Representa-
tive, in my Stead; but as you have continued to chuse me, I
therefore, again earnestly request, that, at the ensuing Elec-
tion, you may be pleased to make Choice of some other Person,
in my Room, to serve you in that Station, and your Kindness
herein, will be gratefully acknowledged by Your affixed Friend,
NATHANIEL PENNOCK.
FRANCIS HOPKINSON,
At his store in Front-street, between Market and Arch streets,
and nearly opposite to the City Vendue Store.
HAS for sale, a large and neat assortment of broadclothes,
some of which (though imported last spring) are but just
now unpacking, consisting of best superfine, second and coarse
cloths, of the following colours, viz. scarlet, crimson, buff,
green, pearl colours, for womens cloaks, browns, blues, drab
colours, black, raven-grey, blue greys; and a great variety of
beautiful mixtures, &c. &c. with linings, and all suitable
trimmings to match.---Also blue, damson-mixt, scarlet, and
high brown beaver coatings, superfine bikiard cloth, very fine
kerseys, &c. &c.
As no pains or expence have been spared in making up this
assortment, and Mr. Hopkinson sells at a price considerably
lower than what goods of equal quality are generally sold at in
this city, he flatters himself that his customers will be fully
satisfied in their dealings with him.---He begs leave to assure
the public, that his superfines are of the very best kind, and
equal to any imported here, without exception, notwithstanding
any insinuations that may have been made to the contrary, for
the truth of which he appeals to those who have hitherto fa-
voured him with their custom, and desires no more than com-
mon justice, and impartial experiment, from his fellow citizens.
Philad. Sept. 18, 1769. T. S. C. 6 W.
WAS committed to the goal of the county of Gloucester,
in the province of West-New-Jersey, one JOSEPH
BISHOP, who says he is a servant to one Taulbert Battin,
of Queen's-Town, in Queen-Anne's county, Maryland; and
also one JOHN ADAMS, from the same place, who says
he belongs to one David Linsey, a planter. Their masters are
requested to come, or send for them, within one month of the
date hereof, or they will be sold for their charges, by
September 18, 1769. RICHARD JOHNSON, Goaler. §
For BRISTOL, by
The Ship BETSEY,
SEYMOUR HOOD, MASTER.
A GOOD new vessel, is well ac-
commodated for passengers, part of her
cargoe already engaged, expected to sail
the 15th of October. For freight or
passage apply to THOMAS CLIFFORD & Son.
Just arrived, in said vessel, from Bristol and Cork, and
lying at Thomas Clifford's wharf, a number of likely
men, women, and boys, all in good health; whose time of
service, agreeable to indenture, are to be disposed of by Tho-
mas Clifford and Son; who have imported, in said vessel, a
quantity of best fine salt; also a variety of wool, and
cards, old jacks, boxes of tin plates, bras and iron ware, of
different sizes, pigeon, duck, geese, and mould foot; also
best English sail-cloth, No. 1 to 4, with a variety of European
goods, of former importations.
CAME to the plantation of PHINEAS ROBERTS, in
Blockley township, Philadelphia county, about 7 weeks
ago, a large brindle COW, marked with 2 slits in the off ear.
The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges,
and take her away. Sept. 18, 1769.
To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,
On Saturday, the 30th day of this instant September, at the
house of Richard Renshaw, at Gloucester-Point,
SIX several Lots of extraordinary good BANK MEA-
SOW, adjoining the meadow of William Jones, the
honourable the Proprietaries, and the river Delaware, distant
about 3 miles from this city, now in excellent order, under the
best of Timothy and Blue Grass; the said lots contain from 5
to 6 acres each, with a 30 feet lane, leading to each respective
lot. A plan of the whole may be seen at the said Renshaw's,
and at the London Coffee-house. The sale to begin at two o-
clock in the afternoon; where the conditions will be made
known, by ANDREW BANKSON. ¶

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE,

At the house of the Widow Mallaby, in Front-street, in the district of Southwark, to the highest bidder, on Thursday, the 9th of October, between the hours of 5 and 6 o'clock in the afternoon,

A NEW brick messuage or tenement, 2 story high, with a cellar under the same, with the lot of ground thereunto belonging, being situated on the corner of Shippen and Vernon-street, containing in breadth on Shippen-street, 15 feet, and in breadth on Vernon street, about 12 feet and a half; subject to a ground-rent of £ 1 : 13 : 4, sterling, per annum; the said house is insured.

Also to be sold, at the time and place aforesaid, another new brick messuage or tenement, 2 story high, with a good cellar under the same, a fire place therein, with the lot of ground thereunto belonging, being situated in Vernon-street, containing in breadth thereon 15 feet, by about 15 feet back; subject to a ground-rent of £ 1 : 13 : 4, sterling, per annum; the said house is insured.

Likewise to be sold, at the said time and place, a frame tenement, with a good cellar under the same, and a fire place therein, with the lot of ground thereunto belonging, being situated in Vernon-street, containing in breadth thereon, about 18 feet, by about 15 feet back; subject to a ground-rent of £ 1 : 13 : 4, sterling, per annum.

ZACHARIAH NIEMAN.

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

September 4, 1769.

THE morning of this very day, My servant John Stoge run away, He came from Limerick the last fall, He's five feet seven inches tall, His face is smooth and pretty fair, He's in his nineteenth or twentieth year, His hair's between a pale and brown, He walks as proud as any in town; The clothing he wore was middling old, He loves lady Mary with all his dear soul; His coat it is near the colour of white, A bearskin jacket, with the buttons bright, Another fine jacket, the colour of a dove, An old pair of trowsers, which he did not love, A large fine hat, 'tis pretty much wore, Old leather breeches, that's mended before, One shirt that is fine, and two that is strong, Some stockings, that will not last very long, His shoes is new, his buckles is yellow, But do not right one another fellow; He reads very well, and writes a good hand, And arithmetic does well understand, As he can use the scrivener's tool, He will incline to teach a school. Whoever takes up this run away pup, Will give my mind a great lift up, And for his pains I'll freely give Two Pounds, and thank him while I live; But I almost forgot to tell, In Shippenburg that I do dwell.

ROBERT PERLES.

N. B. Said servant is supposed to have forged a receipt from Captain Joseph Smith, for paying his passage into this country, and is thought to have forged a pass, with Samuel Perry, Esq; his name to it.

CAME to the plantation of ABIGAIL LOWRIE, in Worcester township, Philadelphia county, about the beginning of July last, a stray COW, spotted red and white. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away.

RUN away, the 4th of July last, from the Subscriber, living in Baltimore county, near Joseph Sutton's, on the York road, a convict servant man, named Thomas Lockhart, about 6 feet high, much marked with the small-pox, but long brown hair, which he ties behind, and he is blind of one of his eyes, though it is not sunk; had on, when he went away, a good felt hat, tow linen shirt and trowsers, but pretty much worn, good shoes, and small steel buckles; he is suspected to have stolen a coat and jacket, the coat of a light coloured jaggedly, full trimmed, with mobair buttons, of a darker colour, a red jacket, without sleeves, has been patched on the fore part, with red shaloon. Whoever takes up the said servant, and confines him in any jail, shall have Five Pounds reward, and if brought home, reasonable charges, paid by the JOHN ALMORE. \$ 4 W.

Elk-Ridge, Maryland, August 28, 1769.

RUN away from the Subscriber, a convict servant man, named JOHN LONDON, born in England, about 22 or 23 years of age, between 5 feet 8 and 10 inches high, has short black hair, marked a little with the small-pox, and of a brown complexion; had on, and took with him, a black broadcloth coat, and a new vest and breeches of the same colour, a black Barcelona handkerchief, 2 or 3 white shirts, and 1 check ditto, a pair of striped trowsers, 1 or 2 pair of light blue worsted stockings, a pair of pumps, and a pair of shoes, a castor hat, half worn; he has procured an old indenture, and a forged pass, and has plenty of cash with him. Whoever takes up the said servant, and confines him in any goal, so that his master may have him again, shall have Twenty Shillings reward, besides what the law allows, if within 20 miles from home; if out of the province, FIVE POUNDS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by WILLIAM INMAN.

To be SOLD, by the Subscriber,

A PLANTATION, containing 100 acres of strong land, exceeding well timbered, and clear of pine, about 40 acres of cleared land, 9 acres of excellent good meadow, with little or no expense, lying upon Newtown creek, in Gloucester county, New-Jersey, about 4 miles from Philadelphia. Any person inclining to purchase the same, may know the conditions, by applying to ISAAC BURROUGH, living upon Newtown creek, within about half a mile of Gloucester. The payments may be made easy, giving good security, if required.

Chester Town, Kent County, Maryland, August 17, 1769.

To be sold by public vendue, on Thursday, the 3d of October next, if not sold before at private sale.

A LOT of GROUND, in Chester town, Kent county, Maryland, containing half an acre, with a good brick dwelling-house, and several out-houses erected thereon, late the property of Walter Dougherty, deceased. Any person inclining to purchase the same, may know the terms, by applying to Mr. Peregrine Frisby, at said town, who is empowered to sell the same by HENRY DOUGHERTY.

CHARLES TOWN RACES.

ON Monday, the 16th of October, will be run for, over the course at Charles-Town, a purse of TWENTY PISTOLES, free for any horse, mare or gelding, the best two in three mile heats, weight for blood and age, agreeable to the Philadelphia rules.

On Tuesday, a purse of TEN POUNDS, free for any horse, mare or gelding, the best of the two mile heats (the winning horse the preceding day excepted) three horses to start, or no race. Proper Judges to be appointed.

To be entered with Mr. THOMAS ELLIOTT, paying Four DOLLARS for the TWENTY PISTOLES, and Two DOLLARS for the TEN POUNDS, on the Saturday before the race, or double at the post.

TO be sold by public Vendue, on Friday, the 22d Instant, at the House where William Lyons, Esq; lately lived, in Race-street, sundry Household Furniture; also a Quantity of useful Plate, and a complete Set of Table and Tea China; the Sale to begin at 9 o'clock in the Morning.

Likewise to be sold a handsome CHARIOT, and Pair of HORSES, the Chariot to be seen at Mr. Todd's, the Horses at Mr. Hiltzheimer's. For Terms apply to CONYNGHAM and NESBITT.

Queen-Anne's County, Maryland, July 23, 1769.

RUN away from the Subscriber, two convict servant men, one named JOHN ADAMS, about 24 years of age, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, well set, of a fair complexion, pitted with the small-pox, bold impudent look, has a blemish on one of his eyes, short hair, and the two first letters of his name marked on one of his arms thus, J. A. with the date of the year; had on, when he went away, a half-worn hat, green broadcloth coat, with gold basket buttons, red and white striped double-breasted jacket, old sheepskin breeches, white ribbed worsted stockings, and old shoes, the soles and heels full of stub nails. The other named JOSEPH BISHOP, about 23 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, of a dark complexion, down look, broad shouldered, and well set, has short black hair, black eyes, and lost some of his teeth from before; had on, when he went away, a light coloured cloth coat, linsey woofey jacket, the back of which is old stuff-coloured broadcloth, old blue stockings, and old shoes, the soles and heels filled with stub nails. Whoever secures the said servants in any jail in Maryland, shall have Forty Shillings reward for each, or if out of the province THREE POUNDS for each, besides what the law allows, and reasonable charges paid, if brought home. DAVID LINDSAY, TURBUTT BETTON, senior. 7/6.

TO BE SOLD,

By virtue of the last will and testament of Samuel Bonnell, late of the City of Philadelphia, blacksmith, deceased, VALUABLE Plantation, and tract of land, situate in the Township of Waterford, in the County of Gloucester, in the western division of the Province of New-Jersey, containing 130 acres and an half, and the usual allowance for highways, bounded by the lands of John Shivers, and Francis Bonnell, now in the tenure of Benjamin Archer, with a good frame dwelling-house and barn erected thereon, pleasantly situated on Cooper's creek, and within 4 miles of the city of Philadelphia, where garden truck may be raised in great plenty, and brought to Philadelphia market by water. There are about 17 acres of choice good meadow, part whereof is under good bank. The upland is good in kind; about 50 acres cleared, and the rest choice good wood-land, and very well watered.

Also, a convenient well finished 3 story brick messuage or tenement, and lot of ground, situate on the bank of the river Delaware, between Sassafras and Vine-streets, in the city of Philadelphia, now in the tenure of the Widow White, containing in breadth, on Front-street and Water-street, 15 feet, and in length about 40 feet, subject to the Proprietary thirds of One Shilling sterling per foot in breadth per annum, and to the payment of Forty-five Shillings sterling per annum ground-rent. Any person inclining to purchase either of the premises aforesaid, may have time for the payment of the greatest part of the purchase money, by giving security, and paying interest. The titles are indisputable. For conditions, and further particulars, please to apply to us, the Subscribers, in Philadelphia, SARAH BONNELL, Executrix. THOMAS BONNELL, PETER THOMPSON, Executors. Thctf.

Bucks County, Jf.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be sold by public vendue, on Saturday, the 23d day of September instant, at the house of Alexander Brown, in the township of Buckingham, in the county of Bucks aforesaid, at two o'clock in the afternoon, Two certain contiguous pieces or parcels of land, situate in the township of New-Britain, in the county of Bucks aforesaid; one of them containing 21 acres, which Edward Doyle the elder, and Mary his wife, by indenture of the 31st of May, 1755, granted unto Edward Doyle the younger, paying therefor, yearly and every year, 5 bushels and 1 peck of wheat, at John Shoemaker's mill, which is to be extinct on paying the sum of £ 21 lawful Money of Pennsylvania. The other of said tracts containing 75 acres, which the said Edward Doyle, the elder, by articles of agreement indented, bearing date the 16th day of April, 1754, for the consideration therein mentioned, granted unto the said Edward Doyle, the younger, in fee, and for the performance of the covenants and agreements in the said articles mentioned, the said Edward Doyle, the elder, hath obligated himself, his heirs, executors and administrators, in the penal sum of £ 800 lawful money of Pennsylvania; on which said 75 acres tracts are erected, a stone house, a barn, orchard, and other improvements; the whole late the estate of Edward Doyle, the younger; seized and taken in execution, by JOSEPH ELLICOTT, Sheriff.

Lancaster, August 16, 1769.

THE SUBSCRIBER has several times thus publicly requested those indebted to him, to come and settle their Accounts; but as little regard has hitherto been paid to his advertisements, he finds himself obliged once more (and certainly it will be the last time) to call on them, and desire all persons that are indebted to him, by bond, note, or book debt, to come and discharge their debts, on or before the first day of November next. Every one, therefore, who does not pay a proper regard to this notice, may depend that they will be proceeded against as the law directs, without respect to persons.

Tbc. to W.

JOHN CAMERON.

To be SOLD, by public VENDUE, On Saturday, the 30th day of September instant, at one o'clock in the afternoon,

A PLANTATION, situate in Cheltenham, about 10 miles from Philadelphia, containing about 40 acres, with a good stone dwelling-house, two stories high, 35 by 23 feet, and three rooms on a floor, with a good cellar underneath, and an excellent well of water at the door, an exceeding good garden, and young orchard, of about 200 apple trees, grafted with the best fruit, with a variety of other fruit trees, such as pears, cherries, plums, peaches and prunes; also an extrem good meadow, containing about 9 or 10 acres, the whole conveniently watered. The best part of the upland is new, and good, on which is a good lime-kiln. There are 16 or 18 acres of good woodland, well timbered, the whole fenced with good posts and rails. There are sufficient materials ready to raise a barn. It is well situated for a store, tavern, or Gentleman's country seat, being on the corner of two public roads; the one leads from Philadelphia to North-Wales, the other from Oxford to White-marsh. For further particulars enquire of Christopher Ottinger, near the Premises, or the Subscriber, in Front-street, Southwark, Philadelphia. The title is indisputable, and reasonable credit will be given.

JOHN ALEXANDER.

N. B. There will be sold at the said time and place, a quantity of wheat and rye in the straw, some good hay, and several hives of bees; together with a variety of household goods, and kitchen furniture, too tedious to mention.

Somerset County, New-Jersey, August 11, 1769.

I HAVE taken up, and put in the goal of said county, a NEGROE MAN, named JEM, who says he is the property of Mr. Thomas Severns, who keeps the Ferry at Elk-River, in Maryland. The owner of said Negroe is desired to come, pay the charges, and take him away.

\$

JOHN SMOCK.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on the 22d day of this instant September, at Thomas Weih's tavern, in Kennet, will be sold by vendue, a certain messuage, plantation, and tract or parcel of land thereunto belonging, containing 28 acres and an half, and 35 perches, situate in East Marlborough township, in the county of Chester, bounded by lands of Jeremiah Cloud, Enoch Wickersham, John McNeil, and James Peirce; late the estate of John Dowdle; seized in execution, and to be sold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on Saturday, the 23d day of this instant September, at 3 o'clock, will be sold by vendue, on the premises, a certain messuage, plantation and tract of 84 acres of good land thereunto belonging, situate in Ridley township, in Chester county, bounded by lands of Henry Maddock, deceased, John Worrall, Jacob Worrall, Caleb Phipps, and Samuel Evans; the said land is about half a mile from a landing on Ridley creek, and convenient to market, being only 13 miles from Philadelphia; there is an excellent quarry of building stone on the said premises, two houses, a barn, orchard, &c. late the estate of Daniel Price; seized in execution, and to be sold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on the 25th day of this instant September, at 2 o'clock, on the premises, will be sold by vendue, a certain messuage, plantation, and tract or parcel of land, thereunto belonging, containing 200 acres, more or less, situate in New-London township, in the county of Chester; bounded by lands late of the Widow Fury, George Campbell, David Corry, and others; there is a good brick house thereon, the land is tolerable good, and sundry valuable improvements made; late the estate of George McDowell; seized in execution, and to be sold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on the 25th day of this instant September, at 2 o'clock, on the premises, will be sold by vendue, a messuage, plantation, and tract or parcel of land, thereunto belonging, situate in West-Nantmell township, Chester county, containing 230 acres, be the same more or less; bounded by lands of Samuel McIluff, Francis Alexander, Daniel Henderson, and Thomas Alford; late the estate of James Scott; seized in execution, and to be sold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on the 26th day of this instant September, at one o'clock, will be sold by vendue, on the premises, one full equal undivided moiety of a messuage, plantation, and tract or parcel of land thereunto belonging, containing 316 acres, and one moiety of a water corn grist-mill, and a saw-mill thereon erected, situate in West Fallowfield township, in the county of Chester, bounded by lands of John Taylor, William Bogan, Ralph Marlin, Samuel Enterkin, and others; late the estate of William Grier; seized in execution, and to be sold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on the 26th day of this instant September, at 4 o'clock, on the premises, will be sold by vendue, a certain messuage, plantation, and tract or parcel of land thereunto belonging, containing 300 acres, situate in West Fallowfield township, in the county of Chester, bounded by lands of James Smith, Dorrington Boyle, David Waters, and John Gibson; late the estate of John Dunn; seized in execution, and to be sold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, on the 27th day of this instant September, at 2 o'clock on the premises, will be sold by vendue, a certain messuage or tenement, plantation and tract or parcel of land thereunto belonging, containing 396 acres, more or less, with a water corn grist-mill thereon erected, situate in East Fallowfield township, in the county of Chester, bounded by lands of Joseph Davis, John Hannum, Esq; and others; there is a large quantity of good meadow on the said premises, and other good improvements; late the estate of Robert Kerr; seized in execution, and to be sold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, on the 28th day of this instant September, at one o'clock, on the premises, will be sold by vendue, a certain tract or parcel of land, containing 40 acres, situate in Oxford township, Chester county, bounded by lands of Thomas Gibson, deceased, Dorrington Boyle, and others; late the estate of William Buntin; seized in execution, and to be sold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, on the 28th day of this instant September, at 4 o'clock, on the premises, will be sold by vendue, a certain messuage, plantation, and tract or parcel of land thereunto belonging, situate in West Fallowfield township, Chester county, containing 32 acres, bounded by lands of John Erwin, ----- Smith, and other lands of Patrick McGlochin; late the estate of Patrick McGlochin; seized in execution, and to be sold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, on the 29th day of this instant September, at one o'clock, at William Starnett's tavern, in Oxford, will be sold by vendue, a certain piece or parcel of warrant-right land, situate in Oxford township, Chester county, containing 50 acres, more or less, adjoining the lands of James Henry, John Jordan, and Adam Cooper; late the estate of William Bailey; seized in execution, and to be sold by JOHN MORTON, Sheriff.

To be SOLD, at public VENDUE, On Thursday, the 5th day of October next, at the house of Mrs. Church, in George-Town, Maryland, on Sassafras river, between the hours of 12 and 4 in the afternoon, and to be entered upon the 1st day of January next,

A VERY valuable tract of land, late the estate and dwelling plantation of Mr. James McLachlan, of Kent county, in Maryland, deceased, called Mount Airy, containing about 450 acres, pleasantly situated on Sassafras river, and adjoining to George-Town, in Kent county aforesaid, whereon is a good dwelling-house and kitchen adjoining, smoke-house, stable, and barns; a good well, and a yard; and large sloping garden, paved in. The land is well timbered and watered, the soil is excellent, and the title good. This place is capable of very great improvements as a gentleman's seat, and is most conveniently situated for the trade of this river, and the adjacent country. Credit will be given for one third of the purchase money, on the purchaser's giving his bond, on interest, with good security for the same.

To be sold at the same time and place, for ready money, several good lots, lying in George-Town aforesaid, with a large wharf adjoining to one of them, at the end of which there is 16 or 17 feet water. Attendance will be given, at the above time and place, by HENRY McLACHLAN, Executor, at his Attorney in Fact.

12 N.

THE Commissioners appointed by an Act of Assembly of the province of Maryland, to survey and lay out, in Baltimore-Town, several pieces of low marshy land, into lots, streets, lanes, and alleys; having carefully surveyed the same, and laid it out in the most convenient manner, according to the directions of the said Act; hereby give public notice, that on Wednesday, the 8th day of November next, there will be sold, by public vendue, at the house of Jacob Myers, in Baltimore-Town, sundry lots of the said land, the proprietors thereof not having complied with the directions of the said Act of Assembly.

Signed by order of the Commissioners, Clerk.

WILLIAM AINSWORTH.

MADEIRA WINE, IN Pipes, Hogheads and Quarter Casks, of the best Quality, 5 and 6 Years old, to be sold by DANIEL ROBERDEAU.